

Total Diet Study risk assessment

challenges and communication Jacob van Klaveren Contribution from BfR, University of Ghent, Wageningen Research and Premotec



Total Diet Study risk assessment

Challenges and communication

- What is a Total Diet Study?
- Challenges to harmonize TDS exposure assessment
- FNS-Cloud project solutions
 - Cloud computing
 - Demonstration and communication materials





EFSA – FAO – WHO guidance TDS



JOINT GUIDANCE OF EFSA, FAO AND WHO

Towards a harmonised Total Diet Study approach: a guidance document¹

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Parma, Italy^{2, 3}

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), Rome, Italy

World Health Organization (WHO), Geneva, Switzerland

https://efsa.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.2903/j.efsa.2011.2450



Which countries performed a TDS

- TDS conducted in United Kingdom, Spain, France, The Netherlands, Belgium, Czech Republic, Germany, Finland, Iceland and Portugal
- World Health Organization endorse TDS outside Europe
- How comparable are the TDS in their sampling design and how may this impact on results?





What are Total Diet Studies?



Criterion 1

- Representative for the population
- Covers 90 % of the German diet
- Includes highly contaminated foods, although they are consumed rarely (< 10 %)



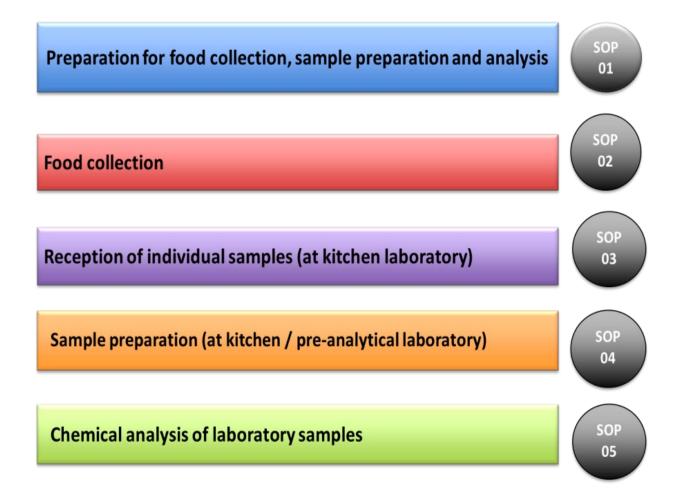
Criterion 2Foods are prepared as consumed



Criterion 3
Similar foods are pooled together to one sample to reduce the number of samples



Standard Operating Procedures





Steps of the BfR MEAL Study



Image rights BfR



Food collection

356

3220

 Main Food Groups (FoodEx II-Codes, EFSA)

• Food Groups in BfR MEAL Food List

- Pools, division in:
 - Regionality
 - Seasonality
 - Organic / conventional





Food collection



Food sampling:

- 149 000 km with two transporters
- Subsamples purchased:
 - Elements 13,552
 - Tocopheroles 8,955
- Money spend on foods: 208,209 €



Food preparation





Steps of the BfR MEAL Study

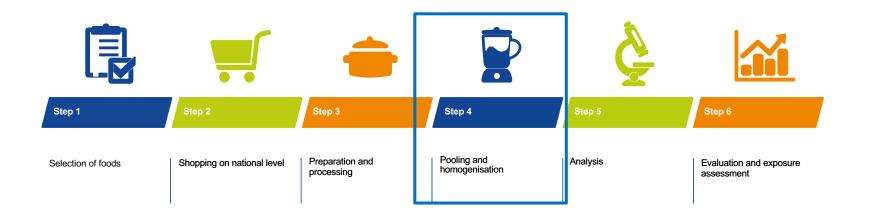


Image rights BfR



Pooling and homogenisation



Image rights BfR

► 3408 pooled samples







Image rights BfR

- 15 20
 Subsamples are pooled to one sample
- Representative pools for the avarage consumption in Germany
- No information on variability of substance levels in subsamples



Food samples, sampling plan and analysis of the samples in Belgium

- Risk-based sampling plan
- ✤In total 708 samples

Three major food categories:
Plant-based foods (N = 406)
Foods of animal origin (N = 113)
Drinks (N = 189)

- Microwave-assisted acid digestion, ICP-MS analysis









Total Diet Studies in Europe

Food and Chemical Toxicology 149 (2021) 112005

	Contents lists available at ScienceDirect	Food and Chemical Toxicology
2.51.52	Food and Chemical Toxicology	
ELSEVIER	journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/foodchemtox	Manager Salay

Exposure assessment of methylmercury in sample Articles

Irmela Sarvan^a, [•], Anna Elena Kolbaum^a, Ulrike Pabel^a, Thorste Oliver Lindtner^a

^a Federal Institute for Risk Assessment (BfR), Max-Dohrn-Straße 8-10, 10589, Berlin, Germany ^b University of Veterinary Medicine Hannover, Bünteweg 2, 30559, Hannover, Germany

Chronic dietary exposure to nickel from selected foods consumed in Belgium

Mehrnoosh Babaahmadifooladi 🔤 & Liesbeth Jacxsens

Pages 05 112 | Pageived 17 Mar 2020, Accepted 25 Sep 2020, Published online: 05 Nov 2020

Inttps://doi.org/10.1080/19440049.2020.1833088

Total Diet Studies pp 259–265 Cite

DOI: 10.1016/j.envint.2021.106393 · Corpus ID: 231789051

Infant total diet study in France: Exposure to substances migrating from food contact materials.

V. Sirot, G. Rivière, +5 authors M. Hulin • Published 30 January 2021 • Medicine • Environment international

Jiri Ruprich M.V.D., Ph.D. ^[] & Irena Rehurkova

Experiences in Total Diet Stu

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Total Diet Studies

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Food Nutrition Security Cloud (FNS-Cloud) has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme (H2020-EU.3.2.2.3. – A sustainable and competitive agri-food industry) under Grant Agreement No. 863059 – www.fns-cloud.eu

Create Alert 66 Cite

Fifth WHO-TDS workshop Seoul



Workshop report: here



CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- All countries are encouraged to conduct total diet studies
- Summer School for TDS and software for exposure assessment "Monte Carlo Risk Assessment" as well as hands-on experience and other transfers of TDS expertise among countries
- WHO Collaborating Centres for Food Contamination Monitoring are encouraged to strengthen their role in supporting low-income countries in the conduct of TDS through capacity building



Challenge 1: how to harmonize food coding

FoodEx2 food groups	CZ	DE	FI	IS	РТ	
Grains and grain-based products	х	х	Х	Х	Х	
Meat and meat products	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Fish, seafood,	х	х	Х	Х	Х	
Fruit and fruit products	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Legumes, nuts, oilseeds and spices	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Milk and dairy products	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Coffee, cocoa, tea and infusions		Х	Х			
Composite dishes	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Eggs and egg products	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Starchy roots or tubers and products	х	х	х	Х	Х	
Vegetables and vegetable products		Х	Х			

Table 1: FoodEx2 food groups sampled and analysed in the pilot study



EFSA Data Collection Framework





Home / Data collection / Data collection: chemical monitoring

Data collection: chemical monitoring



Harmonized exposure assessment (1)

Food classification

- Mapping of food consumption data to analytical data obtained in TDS
- Use of FoodEx
 - International coding system, EFSA
 - International standards data formats





Challenge 2: how to account for seasonal variation

Table 2: Number of TDS samples collected and analysed in different seasons

Campaign	baign Season No. of TDS samples					
		CZ	FI	PT	DE	IS
1	Spring (March - June, 2014)	28	27	37	61	27
2	Summer (June - September, 2014)	27	25	37	62	26
3	Autumn (September - December, 2014)	27	29	33	61	27
4	Winter (December 2014 - March 2015)	27	27	41	56+26	26
total		109	108	148	240+26	106



Seasonal and regional variation in German TDS

MCRA Training / mik / TDS-based long ter	💄 Training	g08			?
NOTE: This is the temporary MCRA Training environment. MCRA is available at https://mcra.rivm.nl					
TDS-based long term dietary exposure and risk assessment Standard action - TDS-based long term dietary exposure and risk assessment	E	\$	¢	Þ	:
Settings					
Total diet study * TDS demo MeHg DE Children 2001-2002			÷	0	
Region * All regions		2		0	
Season * All seasons		N		0	
Production method * Conventional (PD09A)				0	



Challenge 3: harmonised software for professionals

Modelling approach



Monte Carlo Risk Assessment (MCRA):

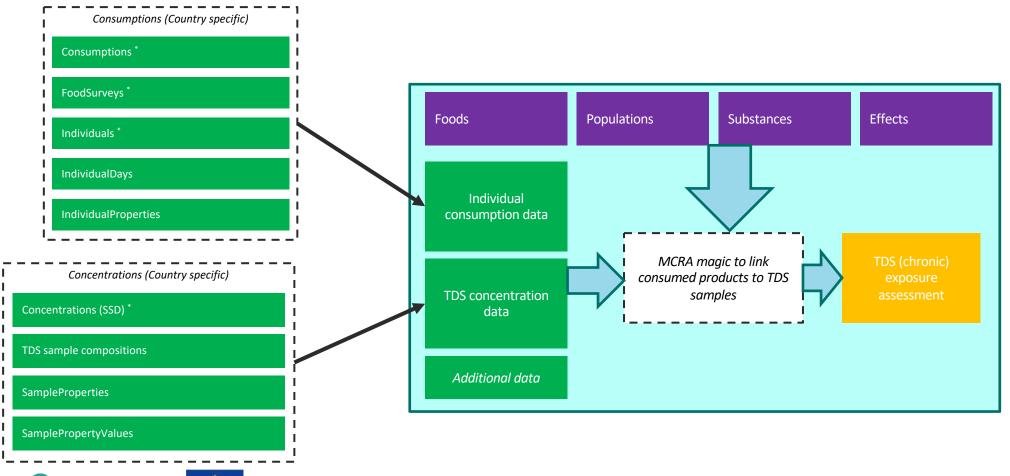
- $_{\odot}$ $\,$ Already in place and used and accepted and supported by EFSA $\,$
- Contained already important features for long-term exposure modelling

Improved and harmonised exposure assessment based on national TDS data





Datasets and data organisation in MCRA



FNS-Cloud

Food Nutrition Security

Challenge 4: computational resources and Cloud solutions



- TDS centres might wish to train a large group of experts
- Universities may wish to train students (first request already received from the University of Ghent
- Flexible and cheap, but someone needs to pay for the computational resources
- This MCRA environment can be set up and removed in a short time

https://mcra-training.rivm.nl/



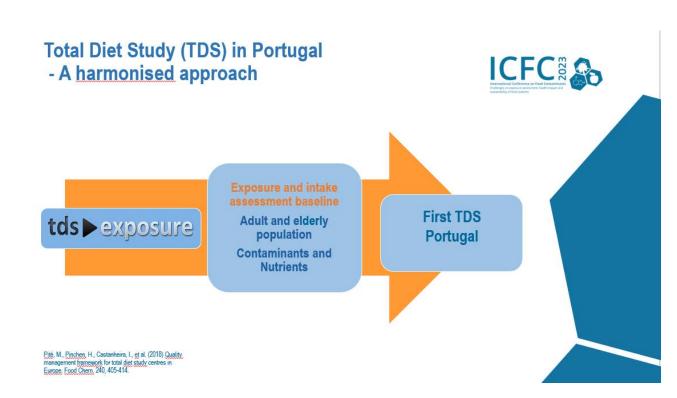
Recently added to MCRA thanks to FNS Cloud



<u>Home</u> > <u>Total Diet Studies</u> > Chapter

Experiences in Total Diet Studies in the Czech Republic

Jiri Ruprich M.V.D., Ph.D. ☑ & Irena Rehurkova





Challenge 5:TDS data app for consumers

 and how to improve communication towards consumers

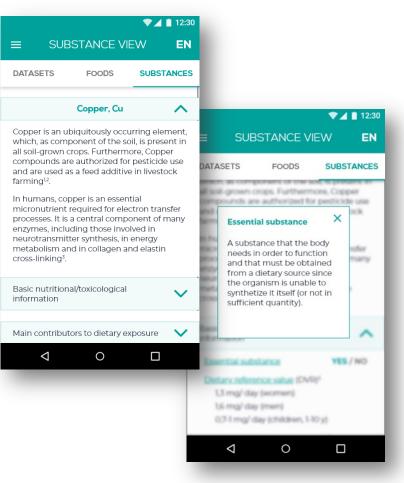
 Dataset used: TDS Exposure Study (MEAL study)

			=		FOOD VIE	EW _	EN
	🔺 🗎 12	:30	DATA	SETS	FOODS	SI	JBSTANCES
SUBSTANCE VIEW DATASETS FOODS SUE	E			0	Aspargu : Vegetable		
Main contributors to dietary exposur Grains and grain-based products	e 🔨	>	1 10 ⁻¹ 10 ⁻² 10 ⁻³				
Coffee, cocoa, tea and infusions Water and water-based beverages Composite dishes	15-18% 8-21% 8-13%	> > >	₹ 10 ⁻³ 10 ⁻⁴ 0	AI	cd cu Hg	Mn	Pb
Meat and meat products Fruit and products	6-7% 6-7%	> >		-	argus 🔵 Pear umber 🔵 Sa plant		Substance
Confectionery and sweet deserts	4-5%	>	1		w level of qua		
Potatoes and products Vegetables and products	3-4% 2-3%	>		\bigtriangledown	0		



User testing and training

- Usability testing scenario
- Supervised usability testing with 3-5 FNS partners
- The scenario is translated into German and used for supervised testing with participants selected from the German citizens
- The app is improved, based on the collected feedback





Communication challenges

- Community of Practice, who are they and how to approach them?
- Online videos and training materials for teachers at universities and experts in TDS centres (link to FNS-Cloud catalogue)
- Training opportunities e.g. at BfR Summer Academy, EFSA or WHO Collaborative Centres
- Does the consumer understand technical information on Food Safety (e.g. what is meant with levels below Tolerable Daily Intake)



FNS-Cloud Catalogue (1)



Browse FNS Cloud Catalogues, containing information about datasets related to the topics of food, nutrition and security, e-tools like apps and software to manage and analyse data and services, that are provided by FNS Cloud or our verified partners.





FNS-Cloud Catalogue (2)

- Datasets: Contaminants_simplified_SSD2_BE-FPS_Nickel_FNS
- Tools: MCRA Monte Carlo Risk Assessment
- Training and Education:
 - Introduction Online course Total Diet Studies (TDS) <u>https://youtu.be/I7gBnt5g_gU</u>
 - Lecture 1: International interest in Total Diet Studies (TDS) <u>https://youtu.be/cGRFwUNdRHk</u>
 - Lecture 2: Risk assessment based on TDS data <u>https://youtu.be/r0j-igvQGfc</u>
 - Lecture 3: TDS applied in Belgium for training courses of students (CoP) <u>https://youtu.be/r0j-igvQGfc</u>
 - TDS: Hands-on training master students using MCRA training environment in the cloud <u>https://youtu.be/xFvR4j1-s0s</u>



Overall description in deliverable 5.9



Food Nutrition Security Cloud D5.9 DEMO01 Functionality Report: MCRA and low-end user apps

Food Nutrition Security Cloud

Deliverable 5.9

D5.9 DEM01 Functionality Report: MCRA and low-end user apps

Due Date:

March 31, 2023

DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.8262468



Concluding remarks

- A number of EU Member States performed TDS
- Lack of harmonization might hamper comparison of TDS results across Europe or world-wide
- Harmonisation of coding, data transfer and software will optimize the use of TDS results in international risk assessment
- These improvements will benefit from cloud computing solutions, FNS Cloud videos and appsv (all available in the FNS Catalogue)





Thank you for your attention!



